

SAVINGS PLAN EQUITY FUND

September 2020

Investment Objective

The Objective of the fund is to provide maximum long term investment yield.

Investment Strategy

The fund seeks to attain its objectives by investing in short term interest bearing instruments (such as deposits, SBI or money market mutual funds) and in equity instruments (whether directly through stocks or indirectly through mutual funds).

Return Performance

Last 1-year Period		-20.83%
Best Month	Jul-09	15.57%
Worst Month	Mar-20	-19.76%

Portfolio Breakdown

Equity	94.99%
Cash/Deposit	5.01%

Top Five Stocks Holding

Bank Central Asia	13.63%
Bank Rakyat Indonesia	7.27%
Unilever Indonesia	6.93%
Telekomunikasi Indonesia	6.01%
Bank Mandiri Persero	4.76%

Key Fund Facts

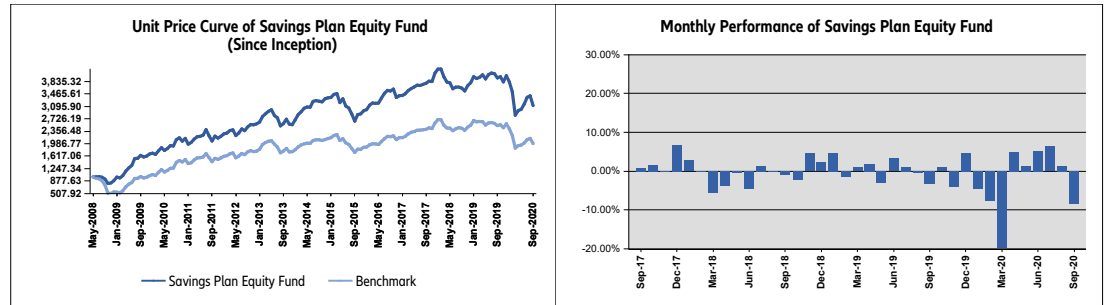
Fund Size (in bn IDR)	IDR 85.97
Risk Profile	Aggressive
Launch Date	31 May 2008
Fund Currency	Indonesian Rupiah
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia
Total Unit	27,563,373.4500

Price per Unit	
(As of Sep 30, 2020)	IDR 3,119.09

Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	YTD	Since Inception
Savings Plan Equity Fund	-8.49%	-1.34%	10.13%	-20.83%	-17.52%	-22.13%	211.91%
Benchmark*	-7.03%	-0.72%	7.29%	-21.06%	-17.47%	-22.69%	99.24%

*Jakarta Composite Index (JCI)



Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced Oct 2020 deflation at -0.05% mom (vs consensus inflation -0.03%, -0.05% in Sep 2020). On yearly basis, inflation was +1.42% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.40%, +1.32% in Sep 2020). Core inflation was printed at +1.86% yoy (vs consensus inflation +2.00%, +2.03% in Sep 2020). The monthly deflation was contributed by the deflation on volatile food and administered price group. The deflation on volatile food group was affected by the declining of chicken price, while the administered price group was impacted by the declining of transportation cost. In the Board of Governors' Meeting on 16-17 Sep 2020, Bank Indonesia hold the BI 7-day Reverse Repo Rate at 4.00%, and also hold the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 3.25% and 4.75% level, respectively. This policy is expected to maintain the external stability in line with their expectation that the inflation remain low. Rupiah depreciated by +2.50% from 14,554 at the end of Aug 2020 to 14,918 at end of Sep 2020. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD +2,327mn in Aug 2020 vs previous month surplus USD +3,263mn. The surplus was caused by increment on commodities prices, especially CPO price and also the increasing in export number for iron & steel, especially to China & US. However, our import number also showed recovery from the previous month by +3% MoM which could indicated the recovery on Indonesia's economic activity that was caused by the relaxation of public restriction. Non-oil and gas trade balance in Aug 2020 recorded surplus USD +2,666mn, which was lower than the previous month that recorded trade surplus amounting to USD +3,516mn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -338mn in Aug 2020, which was higher than the deficit on July 2020 amounting to USD -253mn. Indonesia's official foreign reserve as of September 2020 was at USD 135.2 billion, lower than August 2020's number at USD 137.0 billion. The decrement of foreign reserve was caused by the payment of external debt and to stabilize the Rupiah exchange rate.

The JCI ended the month lower at 4,870.04 (-7.03% MoM). Market laggards were BBKA, BBRI, BMRI, TLKM, and HMSP as they fell -13.63%, -13.39%, -16.64%, -10.49% and -15.15% MoM respectively. Equity market declined in September as global risk-off selling re-escalated on COVID-19 resurgence in Europe and Asia, potentially triggering another lock down and disrupt economic activities once more. In addition to that, the uncertainty over the US election in November and US fiscal stimulus failed discussion triggered investors to de-risk from equity market as well. On the domestic front, the JCI was no exception especially after the Jakarta's governor announced the Large Scale Social Distancing (PSBB) due to the new daily cases reaching above 1,000 people/day. The event had dampened investor confidence as Jakarta contributes almost 20% of Indonesia's GDP, potentially delaying Indonesia's economic growth recovery in 3Q20. On a more positive note, progress for the Omnibus Law had reached 90% and expected to be completed by early October 2020. Once passed, will hopefully spur business confidence despite spikes in new cases but with vaccine lingering in the background at the same time. Sector wise, the Finance Sector was the worst performing sector during the month, declining 12.26% MoM. Ticker wise, BBKP (Bank Bukopin Tbk) and BBTN (Bank Tabungan Negara Persero) were the laggards, depreciating 26.57% and 23.81% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Miscellaneous Industries Sector which dropped 10.13% MoM. Ticker wise, GJTL (Gajah Tunggal) and PTSN (Sat Nusapersada) posted 18.52% and 16.1% MoM losses respectively. On the other hand, the best sector during the month was the Construction, Property and Real Estate Sector, which recorded a gain of 14.53% MoM. Ticker wise, MKPI (Metropolitan Kentjana) and KJIA (Kawasan Industri Jababeka) were the movers which rose 57.48% and 28.47% MoM respectively.

About Allianz Indonesia

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